

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	Potassium Bicarbonate
Other Names	Potassium acid carbonate; Potassium hydrogencarbonate
Uses	Chemical basic material; Industrial use; Acidity regulator; Fire extinguishers.
Chemical Family	No Data Available
Chemical Formula	КНСОЗ
Chemical Name	Carbonic acid, monopotassium salt
Product Description	No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust)

Not Scheduled

Redox Ltd

Corporate Office Sydney Locked Bag 15 Minto NSW 2566 Australia 2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia All Deliveries: 4 Holmes Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia

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Phone +61 2 9733 3000 +61 2 9733 3111 Fax E-mail sydney@redox.com Web www.redox.com ABN 92 000 762 345

Australia Auckland Adelaide Brisbane Melbourne Perth UK London Sydney

New Zealand Malaysia Kuala Lumpur Christchurch USA Los Angeles Hawke's Bay Oakland Mexico Saltillo



Globally Harmonised System	
Hazard Classification	NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
Signal Word	None
National Transport Commission (Aus Australian Code for the Transport of D	stralia) angerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)
Dangerous Goods Classification	NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)
Safe Work Australia National Guide for Classifying Hazardo	us Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification

NOT hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Potassium bicarbonate	КНСОЗ	298-14-6	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure	
Swallowed	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Eye	IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
Skin	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. I skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.
Inhaled	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically. *Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: None known.
Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure	No information available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures

If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out. Dike fire-control water for later disposal.

Flammability Conditions	Non-combustible; Material does not burn.
Extinguishing Media	If material is involved in a fire, use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction. *Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Fire and Explosion Hazard	Not considered to be a fire hazard. Not considered to be an explosion hazard.
Hazardous Products of Combustion	Fire or heat may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides, Potassium oxides.
Special Fire Fighting Instructions	Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.
Personal Protective Equipment	Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
Flash Point	No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit	No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit	No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature	No Data Available
Hazchem Code	No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure	Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Clean Up Procedures	Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container for disposal (see SECTION 13).
Containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.
Decontamination	After cleaning, flush away traces with water.
Environmental Precautionary Measures	Prevent entry into drains and waterways.
Evacuation Criteria	Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.
Personal Precautionary Measures	Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Avoid excessive heat.
Storage	Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Protect against physical damage. Hygroscopic - Protect from moisture/humidity. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). *Storage temperature: +2 °C - 25 °C.
Container	Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General	Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values. For dusts from solid substances without specific occupational exposure standards: - Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust). - New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).
Exposure Limits	No Data Available

Biological Limits	No information available.
Engineering Measures	A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.
Personal Protection Equipment	 Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or for conditions of use where exposure to dust or mist is apparent. Recommended: Dust mask/particulate respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716). Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Tightly sealed goggles. Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Protective gloves, e.g. Nitrile rubber. Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Clean, body covering clothing.
Special Hazards Precaustions	No information available.
Work Hygienic Practices	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling, before breaks and after work. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Solid
Appearance	Crystalline powder
Odour	Odourless
Colour	White
рН	8.0 - 8.6 50 g/L at 20 °C
Vapour Pressure	No Data Available
Relative Vapour Density	No Data Available
Boiling Point	No Data Available
Melting Point	Decomposes
Freezing Point	No Data Available
Solubility	Soluble in water (362 g/L) - Insoluble in alcohol 25°C
Specific Gravity	No Data Available
Flash Point	No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temp	No Data Available
Evaporation Rate	No Data Available
Bulk Density	No Data Available
Corrosion Rate	No Data Available
Decomposition Temperature	>100 °C
Density	2.17 g/cm3
Specific Heat	No Data Available
Molecular Weight	100.12 g/mol
Net Propellant Weight	No Data Available
Octanol Water Coefficient	No Data Available
Particle Size	No Data Available
Partition Coefficient	No Data Available
Saturated Vapour Concentration	No Data Available
Vapour Temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	No Data Available
Volatile Percent	No Data Available
VOC Volume	No Data Available
Additional Characteristics	No information available.
Potential for Dust Explosion	No information available.

Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics	No information available.
Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials	No information available.
Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire	No information available.
Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity	Non-combustible; Material does not burn.
Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours	Fire or heat may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides, Potassium oxides.
Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases	No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information	Violent reaction with strong acids, with formation of Carbon dioxide.
Chemical Stability	Product is stable under normal storage conditions.
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid generating dust. Avoid excessive heat. Protect from moisture/humidity.
Materials to Avoid	Incompatible/reactive with acids.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Fire or heat may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Potassium oxides.
Hazardous Polymerisation	Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information	 Information on toxicological effects: Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Serious eye damage/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT (single exposure): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT (repeated exposure): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Aspiration toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	 Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts. Eye contact: Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. Skin contact: May cause irritation. Inhalation: May cause irritation. Chronic effects: No information available.
Acute	
Ingestion	Acute toxicity (Oral): - LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].
Other	Acute toxicity (Dermal): - LD50, Rabbit: >2,000 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].
Inhalation	Acute toxicity (Inhalation): - LC50, Rat: >4.88 mg/L dust (4.5 h) [Supplier's SDS].
	None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Aquatic toxicity: - LC50, Fish (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 1,300 mg/L (96 h) [Supplier's SDS]. - EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): 630 mg/L (48 h) [Supplier's SDS].
Persistence/Degradability	Methods for the determination of biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances. In aquatic ecosystems, Potassium hydrogencarbonate will rapidly dissociate to potassium cation and inorganic carbon species; These are naturally-occurring ions in the environment [ECHA].
Mobility	High water solubility and very low vapour pressure indicate that potassium hydrogencarbonate will be found predominantly in the aquatic environment [ECHA].
Environmental Fate	Prevent entry into drains and waterways.
Bioaccumulation Potential	No potential for bioaccumulation. The substance does not accumulate in lipophilic tissues of living organisms. In animal and plant organisms, the mass balance of carbonate and potassium will be regulated by physiological mechanisms to ensure appropriate cell concentrations for natural life processes [ECHA].
Environmental Impact	No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information	Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility and in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options.
Special Precautions for Land Fill	Contaminate packaging: Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia) ADG Code	
Proper Shipping Name	Potassium Bicarbonate
Class	No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
	No Data Available
UN Number	No Data Available
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	No Data Available
Special Provision	No Data Available
Comments	NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.
Land Transport (Malaysia) ADR Code	
Proper Shipping Name	Potassium Bicarbonate
Class	No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
	No Data Available
UN Number	No Data Available
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	No Data Available
Special Provision	No Data Available
Comments	NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand) NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name	Potassium bicarbonate
Class	No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
	No Data Available
UN Number	No Data Available
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	No Data Available
Special Provision	No Data Available
Comments	NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America) US DOT

Proper Shipping Name	Potassium Bicarbonate
Class	No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
	No Data Available
UN Number	No Data Available
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	No Data Available
Special Provision	No Data Available
Comments	NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code	
Proper Shipping Name	Potassium Bicarbonate
Class	No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	No Data Available
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	No Data Available
Special Provision	No Data Available
EMS	No Data Available
Marine Pollutant	No
Comments	NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.
Air Transport	

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name

Potassium Bicarbonate

Class	No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	No Data Available
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	No Data Available
Special Provision	No Data Available
Comments	NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION General Information No Data Available

General Information	No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust)	Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code	Not Hazardous
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National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC)	Listed
Canada (DSL)	Listed
Canada (NDSL)	Not Listed
China (IECSC)	Listed
Europe (EINECS)	206-059-0
Europe (REACh)	Not Determined
Japan (ENCS/METI)	Not Determined
Korea (KECI)	Listed
Malaysia (EHS Register)	Not Determined
New Zealand (NZIoC)	Listed
Philippines (PICCS)	Listed
Switzerland (Giftliste 1)	Not Determined
Switzerland (Inventory of Notified Substances)	Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR)	Listed
USA (TSCA)	Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION	
Related Product Codes	POBICA1000, POBICA1001, POBICA1002, POBICA1003, POBICA1004, POBICA1005, POBICA1006, POBICA1007, POBICA1008, POBICA1009, POBICA1010, POBICA1011, POBICA1012, POBICA1013, POBICA1500, POBICA1540, POBICA1570, POBICA1575, POBICA1580, POBICA1700, POBICA1701, POBICA1702, POBICA1703, POBICA1710, POBICA1715 POBICA1770, POBICA1775, POBICA1800, POBICA1801, POBICA1802, POBICA1900, POBICA1910, POBICA1950, POBICA2000, POBICA2100, POBICA2200, POBICA2300, POBICA2400, POBICA2500, POBICA2600, POBICA2700, POBICA2800, POBICA2900, POBICA3000, POBICA4000, POBICA4100, POBICA5000, POBICA5100, POBICA6000
Revision	4
Revision Date	04 Jun 2023
Revision Date Key/Legend	 O4 Jun 2023 < Less Than > Greater Than AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances atm Atmosphere CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number) cm³ Square Centimetres CO2 Carbon Dioxide COD Chemical Oxygen Demand deg C (°C) Degrees Celclus EPA (New Zeland) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zeland deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit g Grams g forms per Cubic Centimetre g/l Grams per Cubic Metre k (Skilogram k (Skilogram k (Skilogram k (Grams (Sugoram Cubic Metre b Pound LCSO LC stands for lethal concentration. LCSO is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. LDSO LD Stands for Lethal Dose. LDSO is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. LDSO LD Kentre mbar Milligram per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/

pb Parts per Billion
ppm Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours
psi Pounds per Square Inch
R Rankine
RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV Threshold Limit Value
tne Tonne
TWA Time Weighted Average
ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours
UN United Nations
wt Weight